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(54) **WHILE-IN USE COVER WITH SPLASH GUARDS**

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H02G 3/08 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**
CPC **H02G 3/088** (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**
USPC 174/50, 66
See application file for complete search history.

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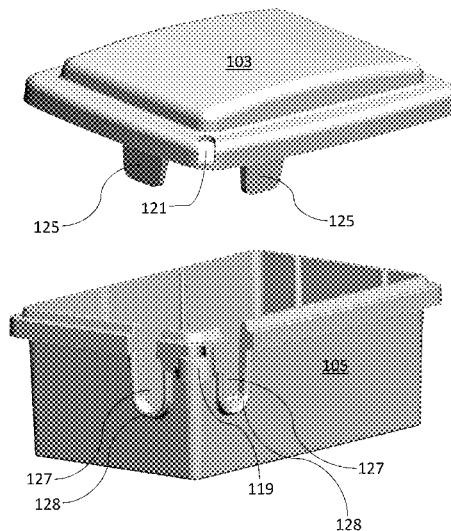
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A while-in use electrical box cover is provided which includes at least one integral splash guard that covers at least one cord exit aperture for a power cord which is plugged into an electrical outlet on which the WIU electrical box cover is mounted when the WIU cover is in the closed position.

18 Claims, 6 Drawing Sheets



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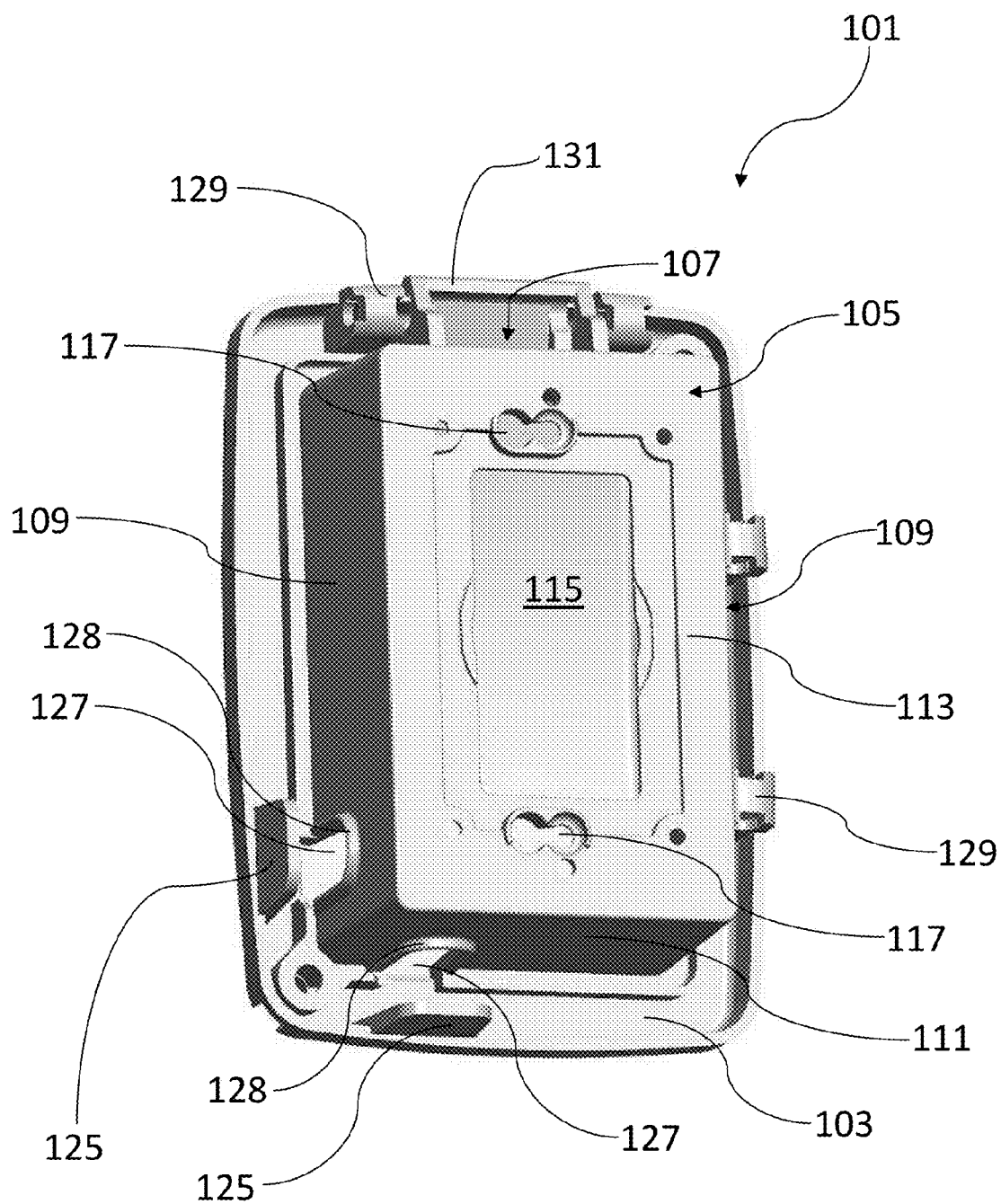


FIG. 1

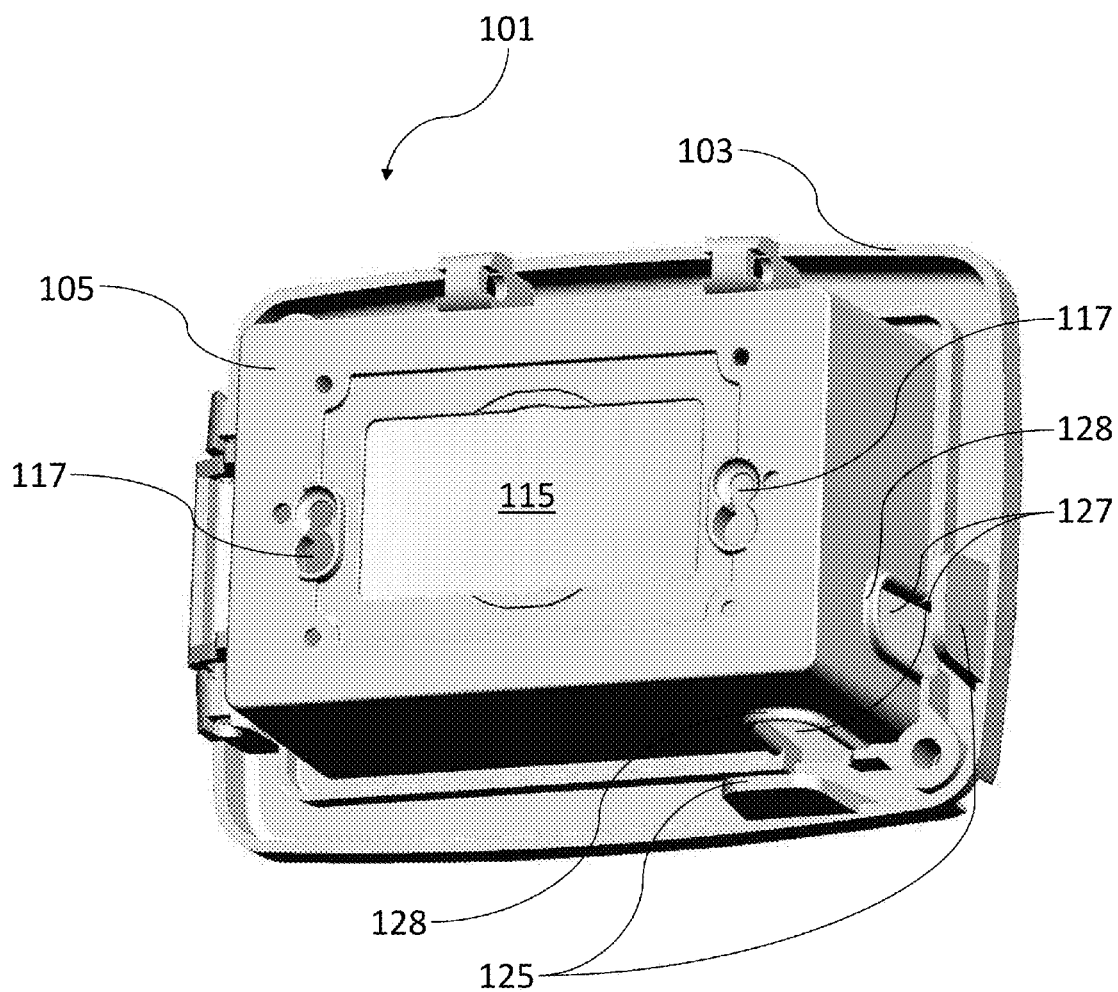


FIG. 2

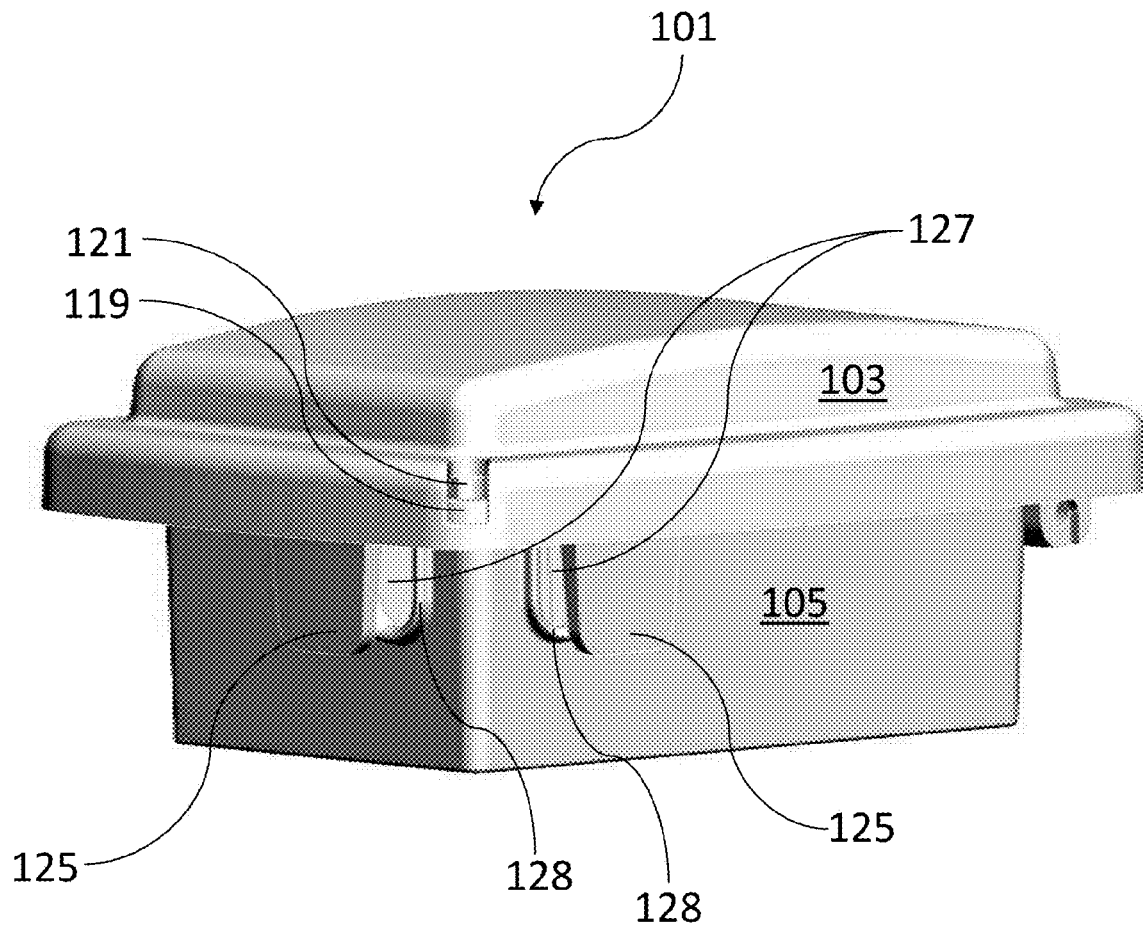


FIG. 3

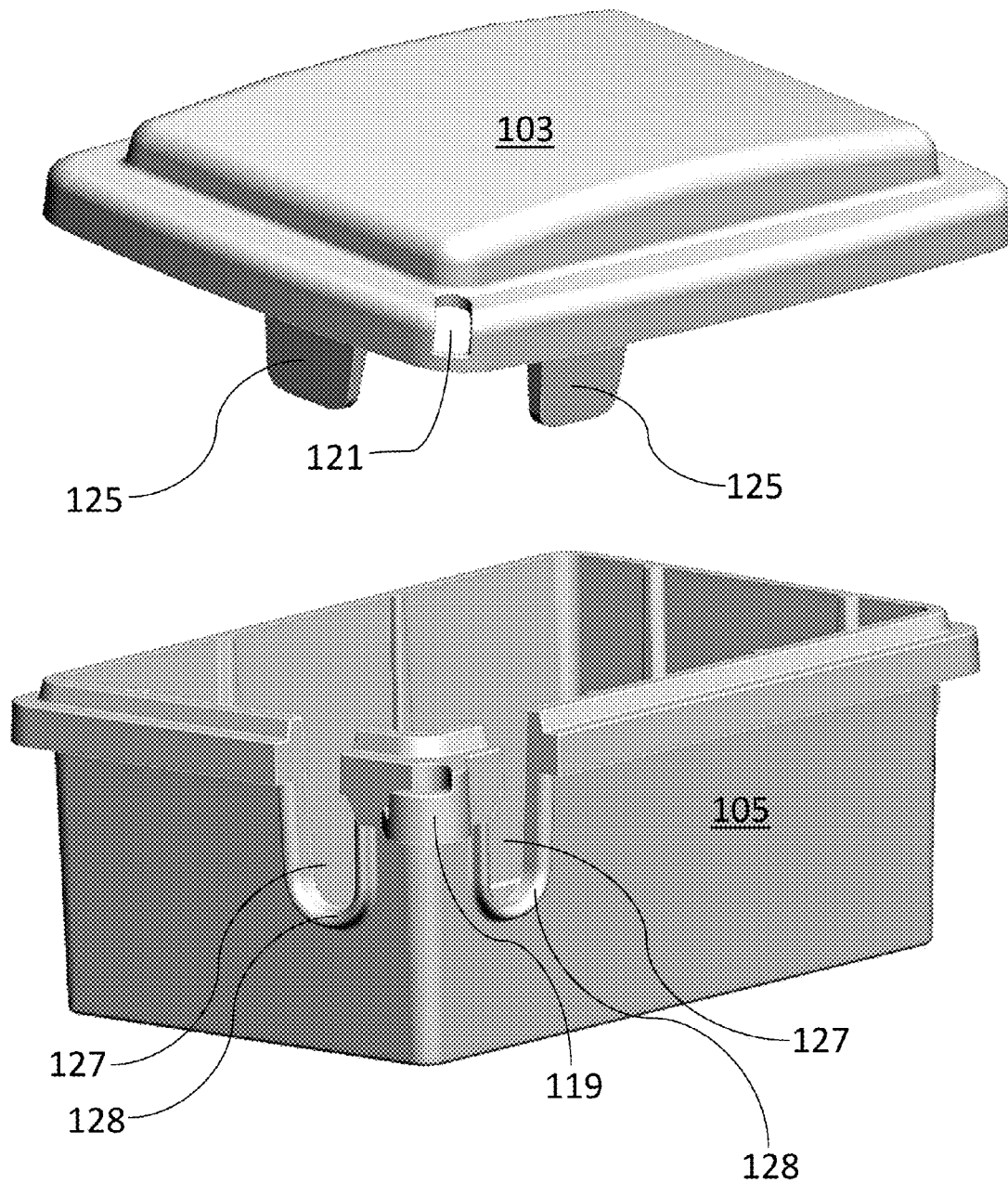


FIG. 4

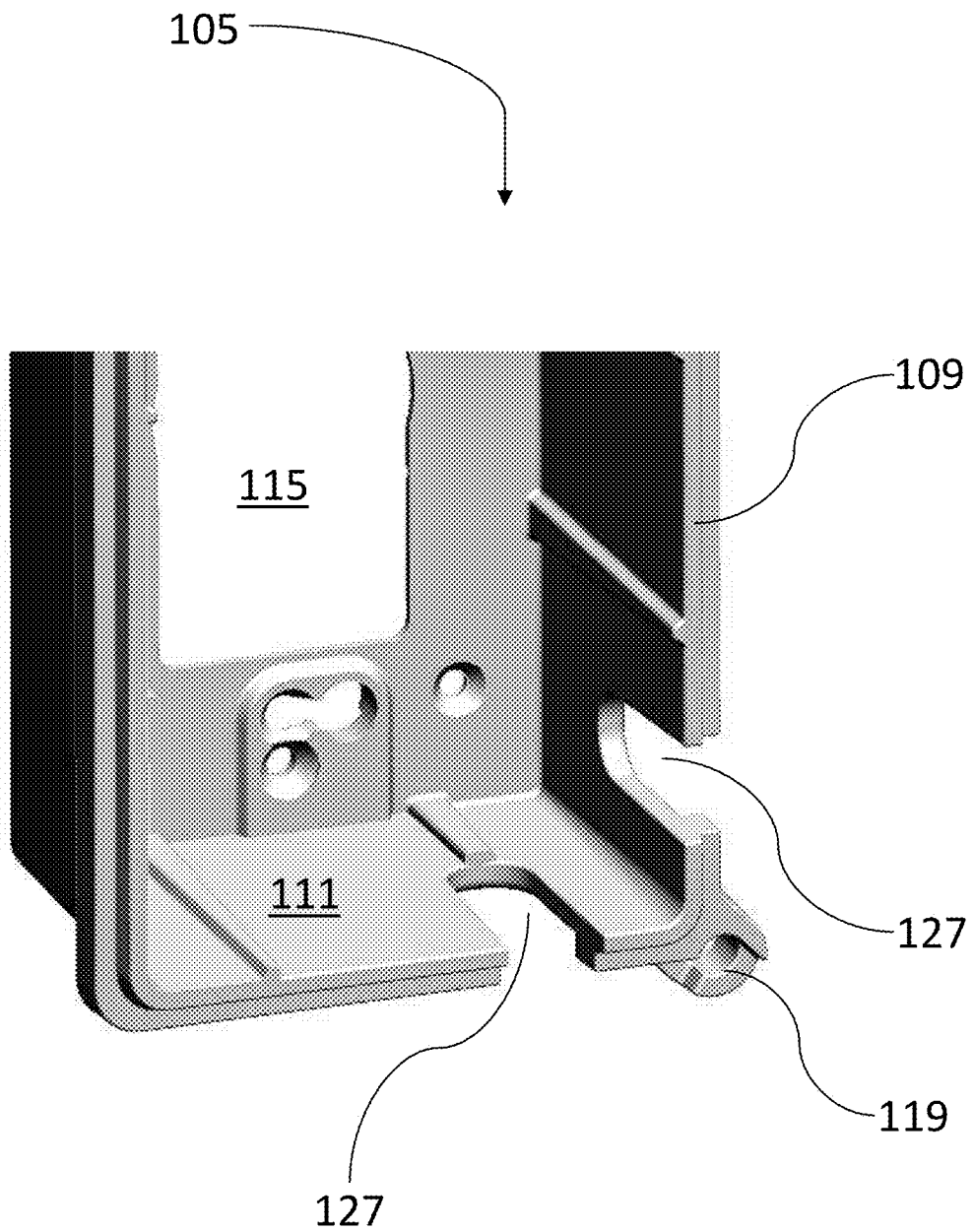
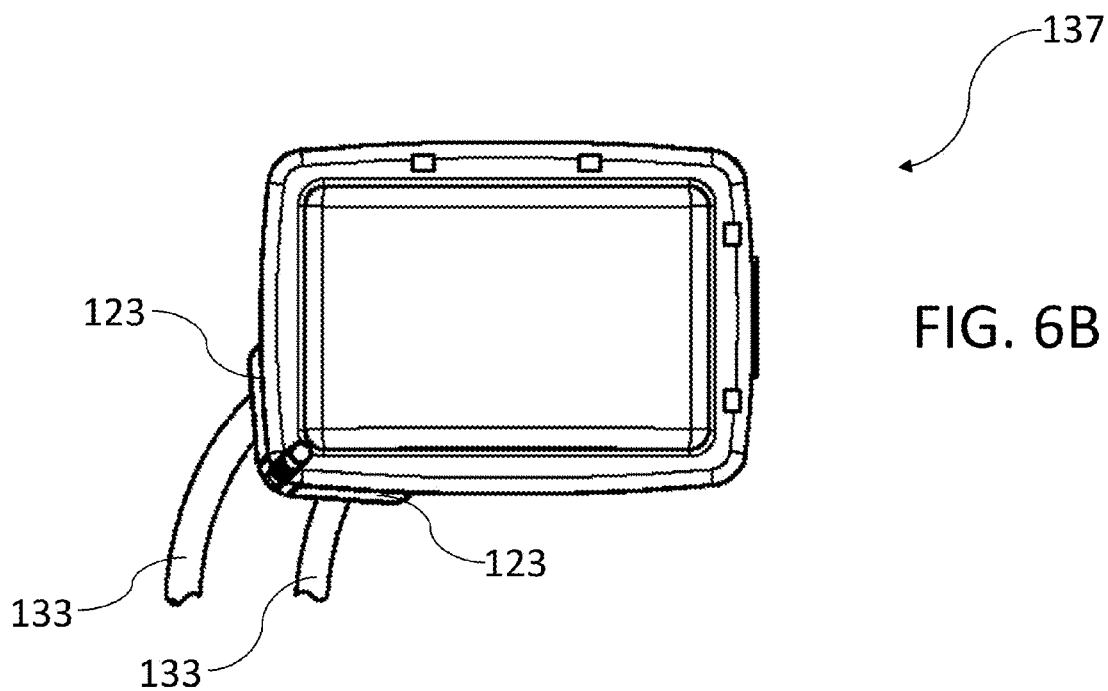
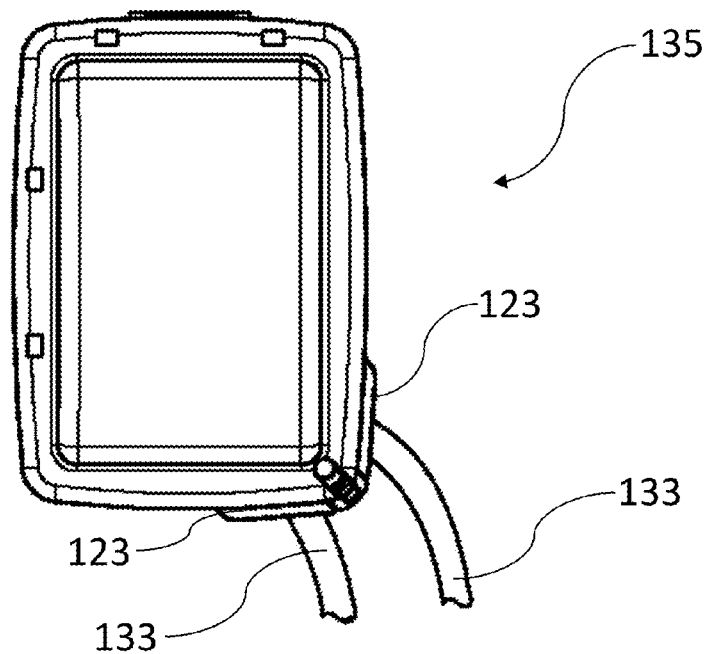


FIG. 5

FIG. 6A



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WHILE-IN USE COVER WITH SPLASH GUARDS

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

In general, the present invention relates to while-in-use (WIU) electrical box covers. More particularly, the present invention relates to an improved design of a hood of a WIU electrical box cover which is comprised of integral splash guards to prevent the entry of water.

BACKGROUND

While-in-use electrical box covers have been in use for many years to protect outdoor electrical outlets from the harsh elements of an outdoor environment. Most while-in-use electrical box covers comprise a base and hood which are attached to one another to form the while-in-use cover. In order to allow power cords of electrical devices to be plugged in to electrical outlets with a WIU cover in the closed position, there are sometimes knockouts which are present either in the hood or base of the WIU cover that allow for passage of the power cords from the outlet and through the WIU cover. However, since these knockouts are open to the outside, water can sometimes splash off of surroundings and back into the WIU cover.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides an integral splash guard to prevent water from entering a while-in-use cover while a power cord is plugged into an outlet which is being protected by the WIU cover. The splash guard may be present on one or more sides of the WIU cover, which allows for vertical and horizontal mounting of the WIU cover while offering protection against water which could potentially splash back into the WIU cover. The positioning of the splash guards allow for the WIU cover to be in the closed position while a power cord is plugged into an outlet.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a rear perspective view of a vertically positioned while-in-use electrical box cover of the present invention.

FIG. 2 is a rear perspective view of a horizontally positioned while-in-use electrical box cover of the present invention.

FIG. 3 is a side perspective view of a while-in-use electrical box cover of the present invention.

FIG. 4 is a side perspective exploded view of a while-in-use electrical box cover of the present invention.

FIG. 5 is a close-up view of exit apertures for a power cord of a while-in-use electrical box cover of the present invention.

FIG. 6A is a front elevation view of a vertically positioned while-in-use electrical box cover of the present invention.

FIG. 6B is a front elevation view of a horizontally positioned while-in-use electrical box cover of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT(S)

The above and other features, aspects and advantages of the present invention will now be discussed in the following detailed description of preferred embodiments and appended claims, which are to be considered in conjunction with the

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accompanying drawings in which identical reference characters designate like elements throughout the views.

Shown in FIG. 1 is a rear perspective view of a vertically positioned while-in-use electrical box cover **101** of the present invention. The WIU cover is comprised of a hood **103** and a base **105**. The hood **103** and base **105** are connected via a hood hinge **129** and base hinge **131** which form a hinge connection. In FIG. 1, the hinge connection is located on both a top wall **107** and side wall **109** of the WIU cover, but it is understood that the hinge connection may be located on any side, or any combination of sides, of the WIU cover, such as the side wall **109** and bottom wall **111** of the base **105**. These multiple positions of the hood hinge **129** and base hinge **131** allow for both vertical mounting **135** and horizontal mounting **137** of the WIU cover, which is illustrated in FIGS. 6A and 6B, respectively. The WIU cover **101** mounts onto an outlet by way of the mounting apertures **117**, in which screws can be inserted through the mounting apertures **117** and into similar apertures located on an outlet in order to secure the WIU cover **101** onto the outlet, which is thereby accessed through the outlet aperture **115** which is located in a rear wall **113** of the WIU cover **101**.

Shown in FIGS. 1-5 are cord exit apertures **127** of the WIU cover **101** which allow for passage of power cords **133**, such as those shown in FIGS. 6A and 6B, through the WIU cover when the hood **103** of the WIU cover is in the closed position. In FIGS. 1-5, the positioning of the cord exit apertures **127** on the base **105** of the WIU cover **101** is such that the cord exit apertures are at a 90 degree angle to one another and located on different walls of the base **105**. This kind of spacing is preferred so that two power cords may be plugged into an outlet which is being protected by the WIU cover when the WIU cover **101** is mounted in either a horizontal or vertical orientation. However, it is understood that different positioning of the cord exit apertures **127** on the base **105** may be used and that more or less than the two cord exit apertures **127** which are illustrated in FIGS. 1-5 may be used. FIGS. 1-4 show a feature of the cord exit aperture **127**, and that feature is rounded edges **128** of the cord exit aperture **127**. The rounded edges **128** are useful because they are not sharp, and therefore, will not cut into the jacket of the electrical cord which is plugged into an outlet being protected by the WIU cover **101**. The rounded edges **128** also prevent cords from kinking at the cord exit apertures **127**.

Shown in FIGS. 1-4 are integral splash guards **125**. The splash guards are integral components of the hood **103** of the WIU cover **101**. From FIGS. 1-4, it can be seen that the splash guards **125** are aligned with the cord exit apertures **127** so that the splash guards **125** are positioned over the cord exit apertures **127** when the hood **103** of the WIU cover **101** is in the closed position. The splash guards **125** prevent water from splashing into the WIU cover **101** and contacting the electrical outlet device which is housed within the WIU cover **101** when the WIU cover **101** is mounted on an electrical outlet device. The splash guards serve this purpose regardless if power cords are plugged into the electrical outlet or not. To allow for the power cords **133**, such as shown in FIGS. 6A and 6B, to easily exit the WIU cover **101** by way of the cord exit apertures **127**, the splash guards **125** are parallel to and offset from the cord exit apertures **127** when the hood **103** of the WIU cover **101** is in the closed position. The splash guards **125** are located on edges of the hood **103**, which allows enough space for the power cords to exit the base **105** of the WIU cover **101** through the cord exit apertures **127**. In FIGS. 1-4, there are two cord exit apertures **127** with two corresponding splash guards **125** shown as a part of the WIU cover **101**. It is understood that there may be more or fewer cord exit

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apertures and splash guards, but it is preferred that there be at least as many splash guards as there are cord exit apertures so that each cord exit aperture, and, ultimately, the electrical outlet device housed within the WIU cover, is protected from splashing water by a splash guard. It is also preferred that the splash guards **125** are sized such that they completely cover their corresponding cord exit apertures **127**. It is understood that the splash guards **125** and the cord exit apertures **127** can be a variety of shapes while successfully performing this function.

Another feature of the WIU cover **101** is the base latch **119** and hood latch aperture **121** which are shown in FIGS. **3** and **4**, with the base latch **119** also shown in FIG. **5**. The exploded view of the WIU cover in FIG. **4** shows a clearer view of the base latch **119** and the hood latch aperture **121**. When the hood **103** of the WIU cover **101** is in the closed position, the hood latch aperture **121** engages with the base latch **119** so that the hood **103** will remain in the closed position until an operator intentionally lifts the hood **103** into the open position. Even though only one base latch **119** and hood latch aperture **121** are shown in FIGS. **3** and **4**, it is understood that more or less base latches and hood latch apertures may be formed as a part of the WIU cover **101** and may be located at a variety of positions on the WIU cover **101**. To assist an operator in lifting the hood **103** so that it is in the open position, one or more hood lift tabs **123**, such as shown in FIGS. **6A** and **6B**, may be formed as part of the hood **103** of the WIU cover **101**. These hood lift tabs **123** protrude from the hood **103** and can be located on multiple sides of the hood **103** so that the hood **103** of the WIU cover **101** can be easily opened, regardless of if the WIU cover **101** has been mounted in the vertical position **135** or horizontal position **137**, as shown in FIGS. **6A** and **6B**, respectively.

Although the invention has been described in detail above, it is expressly understood that it will be apparent to persons skilled in the relevant art that the invention may be modified without departing from the spirit of the invention. Various changes of form, design, or arrangement may be made to the invention without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention. Therefore, the above mentioned description is to be considered exemplary, rather than limiting, and the true scope of the invention is that defined in the following claims.

What is claimed is:

1. A while-in-use electrical box cover such that a power cord can remain plugged into an electrical outlet during use and for preventing entry of water into the cover, comprising:
a base, a rear wall containing an aperture for receiving an electrical outlet, two sidewalls, a top wall, and a bottom wall, wherein the sidewalls, top wall and bottom wall all parametrically bound the rear wall and wherein at least one of the walls of the base comprise at least one cord exit aperture for the power cord;
a hood which is attached to the base, the hood having an open position and a closed position;
at least one splash guard attached to the hood; and
wherein when the hood of the cover is in the closed position, the at least one splash guard is located such that it is parallel to and offset from the at least one cord exit aperture for the power cord such that the at least one splash guard prevents water from entering the at least one cord exit aperture.

2. The while-in-use electrical box cover of claim 1, wherein the hood integrally comprises at least as many splash guards as there are cord exit apertures in the base and wherein the splash guards protrude from an edge of the hood and are perpendicular to the plane in which the hood lies.

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3. The while-in-use electrical box cover of claim 1, wherein the base comprises a latch on at least one corner of the base and the hood comprises a latch aperture on at least one corner of the hood which corresponds to the latch located on the base, and wherein the latch on the base and the latch aperture on the hood engage with one another when the hood is in the closed position to keep the hood securely closed.

4. The while-in-use electrical box cover of claim 1, wherein there are at least two cord exit apertures for two power cords and at least two splash guards for covering those two cord exit apertures, with the cord exit apertures and corresponding splash guards being located on adjacent sides of the cover such that the cord exit apertures and corresponding splash guards are 90 degrees apart.

5. The while-in-use electrical box cover of claim 1, wherein the hood of the cover comprises at least one hood lift tab on a side of the hood which allows for easy lifting of the hood.

6. The while-in-use electrical box cover of claim 1, wherein the at least one splash guard covers the entire surface area of the cord exit aperture.

7. The while-in-use electrical box cover of claim 1, wherein the at least one cord exit aperture further comprises rounded edges which protrude outward from the at least one cord exit aperture and which will not cut into a jacket that protects the power cord and will prevent the cord from kinking at the cord exit aperture.

8. A while-in-use electrical cover box cover such that a power cord can remain plugged into an electrical outlet during use and for preventing entry of water into the cover, comprising: a base, the base comprising at least one hinge mount, a rear wall containing an aperture for receiving an electrical outlet, two sidewalls, a top wall, and a bottom wall, wherein the sidewalls, top wall and bottom wall all parametrically bound the rear wall and wherein at least one of the walls of the base comprise at least one cord exit aperture for the power cord; a hood which is attached to the at least one base hinge mount via at least one hinge connection, the hood having an open position and a closed position; at least one splash guard attached to the hood; wherein when the hood is in the closed position, the at least one splash guard is located such that it is parallel to and offset from the at least one cord exit aperture and covers the surface area of the at least one cord exit aperture for the power cord and prevents water from entering the at least one cord exit aperture; and wherein the hood integrally comprises at least as many splash guards as there are cord exit apertures in the base and wherein the splash guards protrude from an edge of the hood and are perpendicular to the plane in which the hood lies.

9. The while-in-use electrical box cover of claim 8, wherein there are at least two cord exit apertures for two power cords and at least two splash guards for covering those two cord exit apertures, with the cord exit apertures and corresponding splash guards being located on adjacent sides of the cover such that the cord exit apertures and corresponding splash guards are 90 degrees apart.

10. The while-in-use electrical box cover of claim 8, wherein the at least one base hinge mount is at least two base hinge mounts which can connect to the hood via at least two hinge connections being located on adjacent sides of the cover which are 90 degrees apart such that the cover can be mounted in a vertical or horizontal position.

11. The while-in-use electrical box cover of claim 8, wherein the at least one splash guard which covers the at least one cord exit aperture for the power cord may be any shape

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and does not have to be similar in shape to the cord exit aperture but covers the entire surface area of the cord exit aperture.

12. The while-in-use electrical box cover of claim 8, wherein the at least one cord exit aperture further comprises rounded edges which protrude outward from the at least one cord exit aperture and which will not cut into a jacket that protects the power cord and will prevent the cord from kinking at the cord exit aperture.

13. A while-in-use electrical cover box cover such that a power cord can remain plugged into an electrical outlet during use and for preventing entry of water into the cover, comprising:

a base, the base comprising at least one hinge mount, a rear wall containing an aperture for receiving an electrical outlet, two sidewalls, a top wall, and a bottom wall, wherein the sidewalls, top wall and bottom wall all parametrically bound the rear wall and wherein at least one of the walls of the base comprise at least one cord exit aperture for the power cord;

a hood which is attached to the at least one base hinge mount via at least one hinge connection, the hood having an open position and a closed position;

at least one splash guard attached to the hood;

wherein when the hood is in the closed position, the at least one splash guard is located such that it is parallel to and offset from the at least one cord exit aperture for the power cord and covers the surface area of the at least one cord exit aperture for the power cord while the hood is in the closed position and the at least one splash guard prevents water from entering the at least one cord exit aperture; and

wherein the hood comprises at least one hood lift tab on a side of the hood which allows for easy lifting.

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14. The while-in-use electrical box cover of claim 13, wherein the hood integrally comprises at least as many splash guards as there are cord exit apertures in the base and wherein the splash guards protrude from an edge of the hood and are perpendicular to the plane in which the hood lies.

15. The while-in-use electrical box cover of claim 13, wherein the base comprises a latch on at least one corner of the base and the hood comprises a latch aperture on at least one corner of the hood which corresponds to the latch located on the base, and wherein the latch on the base and the latch aperture on the hood engage with one another when the hood is in the closed position to keep the hood securely closed.

16. The while-in-use electrical box cover of claim 13, wherein there are at least two cord exit apertures for two power cords and at least two splash guards for covering those two cord exit apertures, with the cord exit apertures and corresponding splash guards being located on adjacent sides of the cover such that the cord exit apertures and corresponding splash guards are 90 degrees apart.

17. The while-in-use electrical box cover of claim 13, wherein the at least one base hinge mount is at least two base hinge mounts which can connect to the hood via at least two hinge connections being located on adjacent sides of the cover which are 90 degrees apart such that the cover can be mounted in a vertical or horizontal position.

18. The while-in-use electrical box cover of claim 13 wherein the at least one cord exit aperture further comprises rounded edges which protrude outward from the at least one cord exit aperture and which will not cut into a jacket the protects the power cord and will prevent the cord from kinking at the cord exit aperture.

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